

# Preliminary Results of Sensor Based Onboard Sensing Analysis And Reporting from Fleets During a Two Month Timeframe

13th Annual International OSAR Conference

March 14, 2024

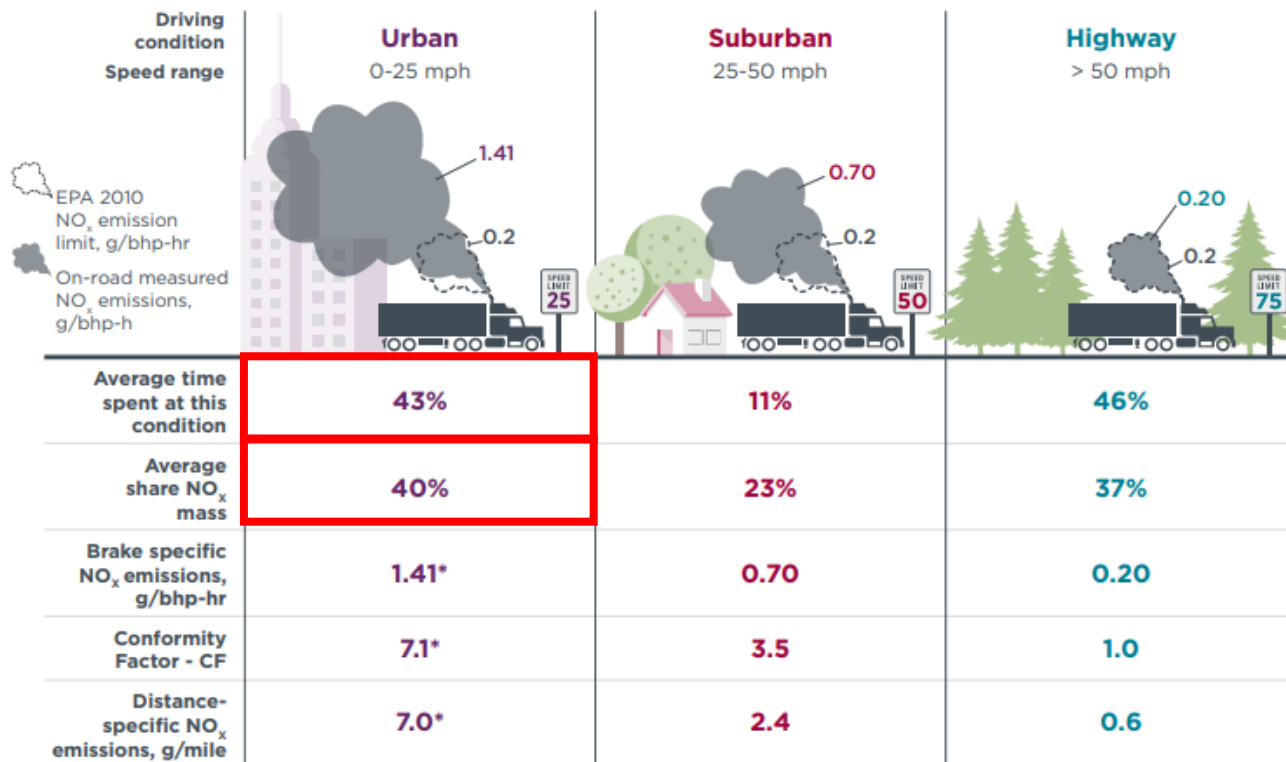
Grace Johnson

George Scora, Zisimos Toumasatos, Jinsuh Jung-Aum, Georgios Karavalakis, Thomas D.  
Durbin, and Kent Johnson

CE-CERT



# In Use Emissions Vary with Vehicle Operation

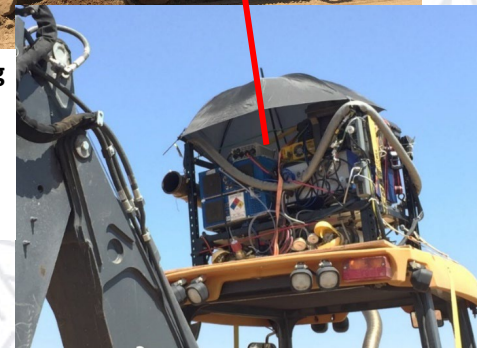
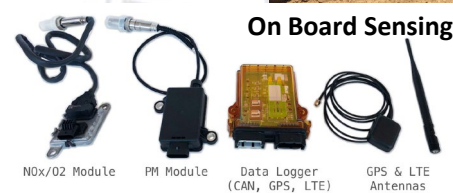
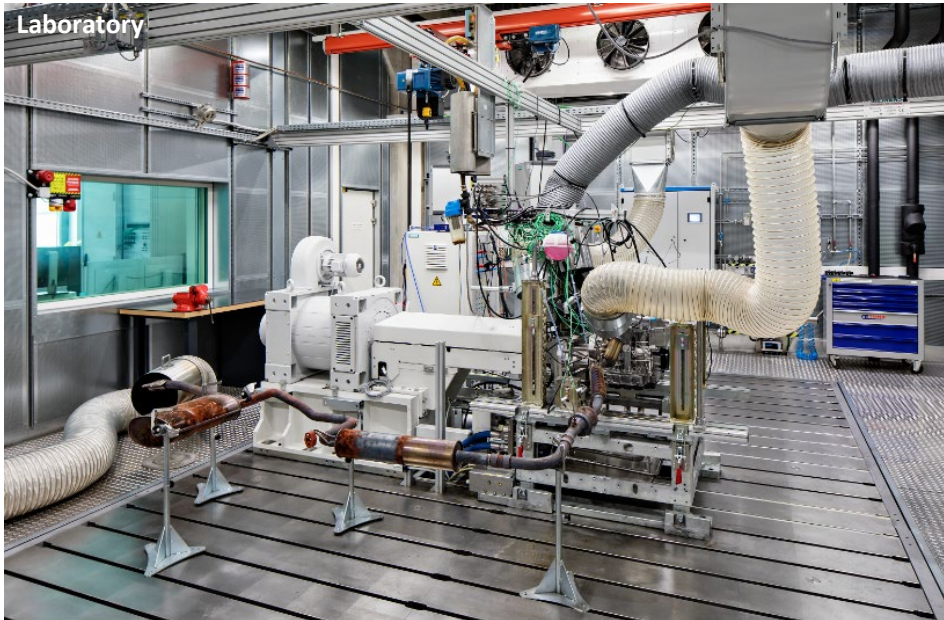


\* Brake and distance specific NO<sub>x</sub> emissions for Urban bin do not include Idle operation, only 1-25 mph operation is included

- 189 tests between 2010 and 2019
- Model Year (MY) 2010-2016 with SCR Technology
- **43%** of the activity is between 0-25 mph
- This represents **40%** of the NO<sub>x</sub> mass

# Laboratory, In-Use Measurement, and On-Board Sensing

- Laboratory 2% accuracy (1 day of data takes weeks/months to set up)
- In-use measurement 5% (1 day of data takes 4-6 hrs to set up)
- On-board sensing 10% (1 **year** of data takes <1 hr to set up)



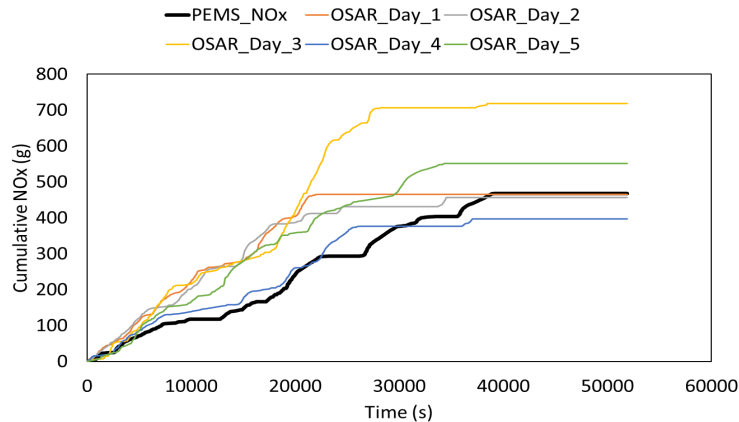
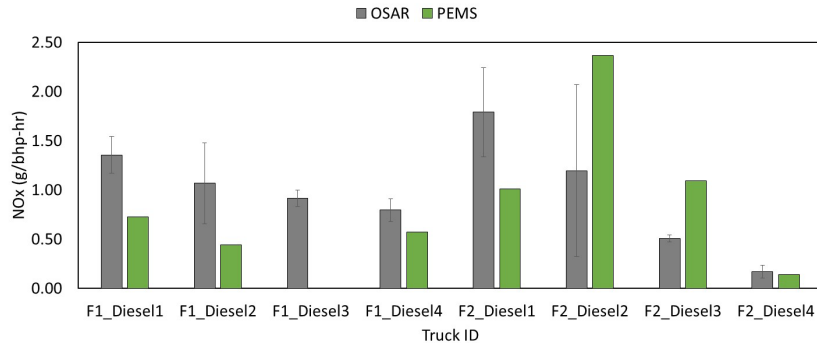
Montes, T., 2018 SAE OBd Symposium Indianapolis, Diesel OBd Programs ECARD Division presentation.

Tan, Y., Collins, J., Yoon, S., Herner, J., Henderick, P., Montes, T., Ham, W., Howard, C., Hu, S., Johnson, K., Scora, G., Sandez, D., Durbin, T., 2018. NOx Emission Estimates from the Activity Data of On-Road Heavy-Duty Diesel Vehicles. Presentation at 28th CRC Real World Emissions Workshop, Garden Grove, CA, March.

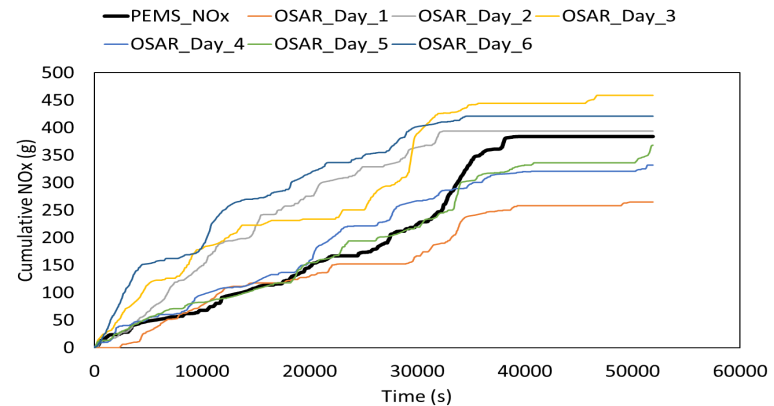
Yang, J., Durbin, T.D., Jiang, Y., Tange, T., Karavalakis, G., Cocker III, D.R., Johnson, K.C., 2018. A comparison of a mini-PEMS and a 1065 compliant PEMS for on-road gaseous and particulate emissions from a light duty diesel truck, Science of the Total Environment, vol. 640-641, 368-376.



# One Day of PEMS Testing Is Not Representative

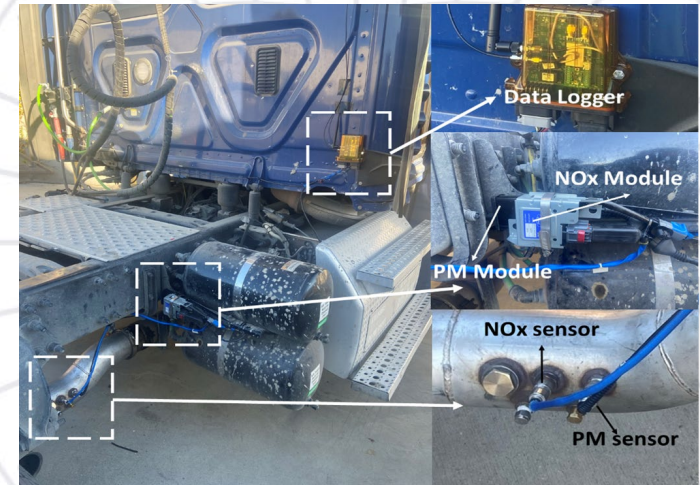
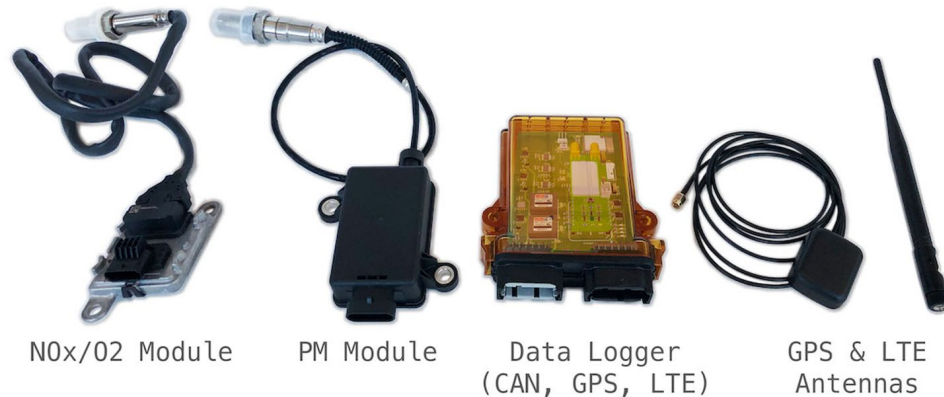


- Emissions change between days on the same vehicle
- PEMS data presented emissions measured on one day
- OSAR data showed several days of continuous monitoring results





- The Onboard Sensing Analysis and Reporting (OSAR) system was developed for continuous monitoring of diesel and natural gas technologies on an annual basis
- OSAR started out as a consortium lead research initiative, but has now grown to over nine funded programs
- OSAR includes
  - NOx, PM, GPS, CAN, and other sensors
  - Auto starting and shutdown to capture cold starts and all truck operation



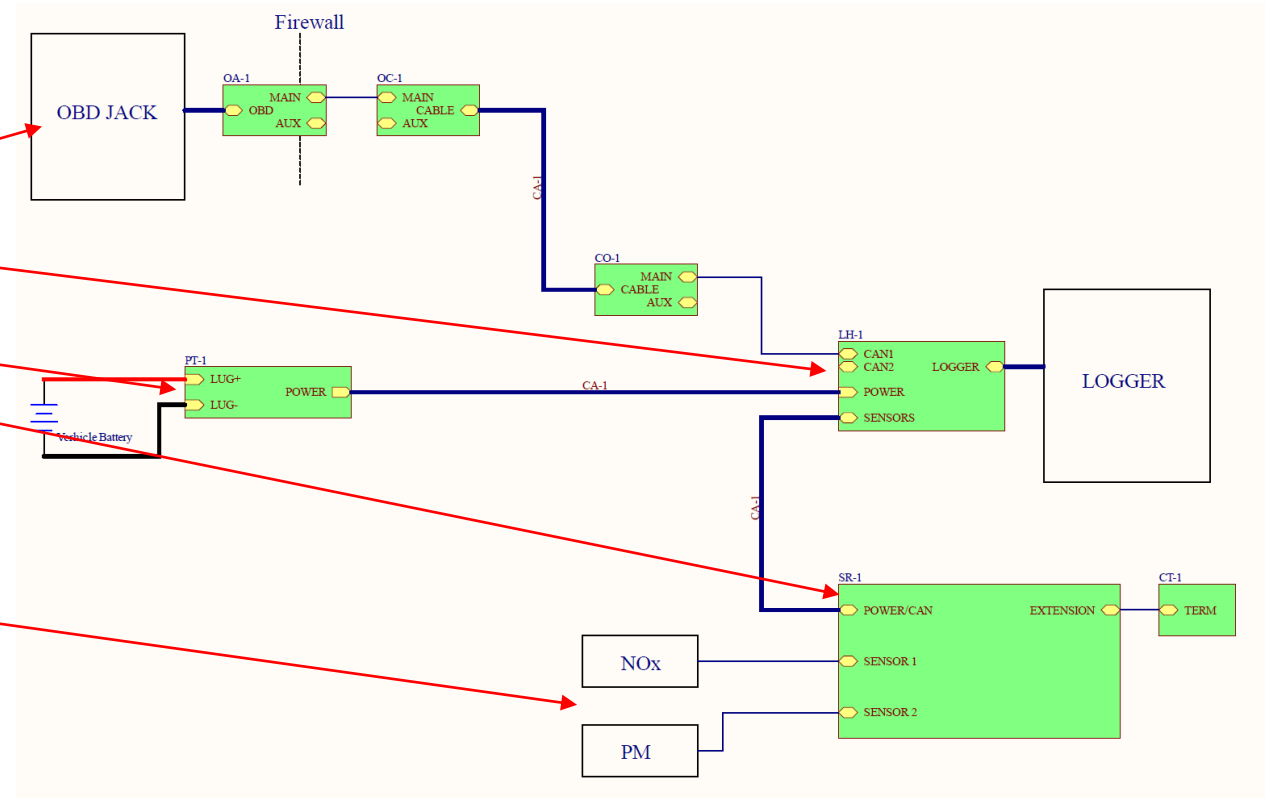
- OBD jack: OA-1

- Power supply: PT-1

- Sensor connections:

- NO<sub>x</sub> Sensor
- NH<sub>3</sub> Sensor
- CO<sub>2</sub> Sensor
- PM Sensor

- Extension Cables: CA-1



# OSAR Systems Are Ready-To-Go

Just add the bungs to the exhaust, install sensors, and wire harness. No on-site calibration needed. Installation and data is good for a year or more.



*Full system fits in this box including wire harness and bungs*



*We have about 40 systems ready for installation*

In partnership with



For more information on EmTrac: [pt@emisense.com](mailto:pt@emisense.com)



# Installation of OBD Jack



# Installation of OBD Jack





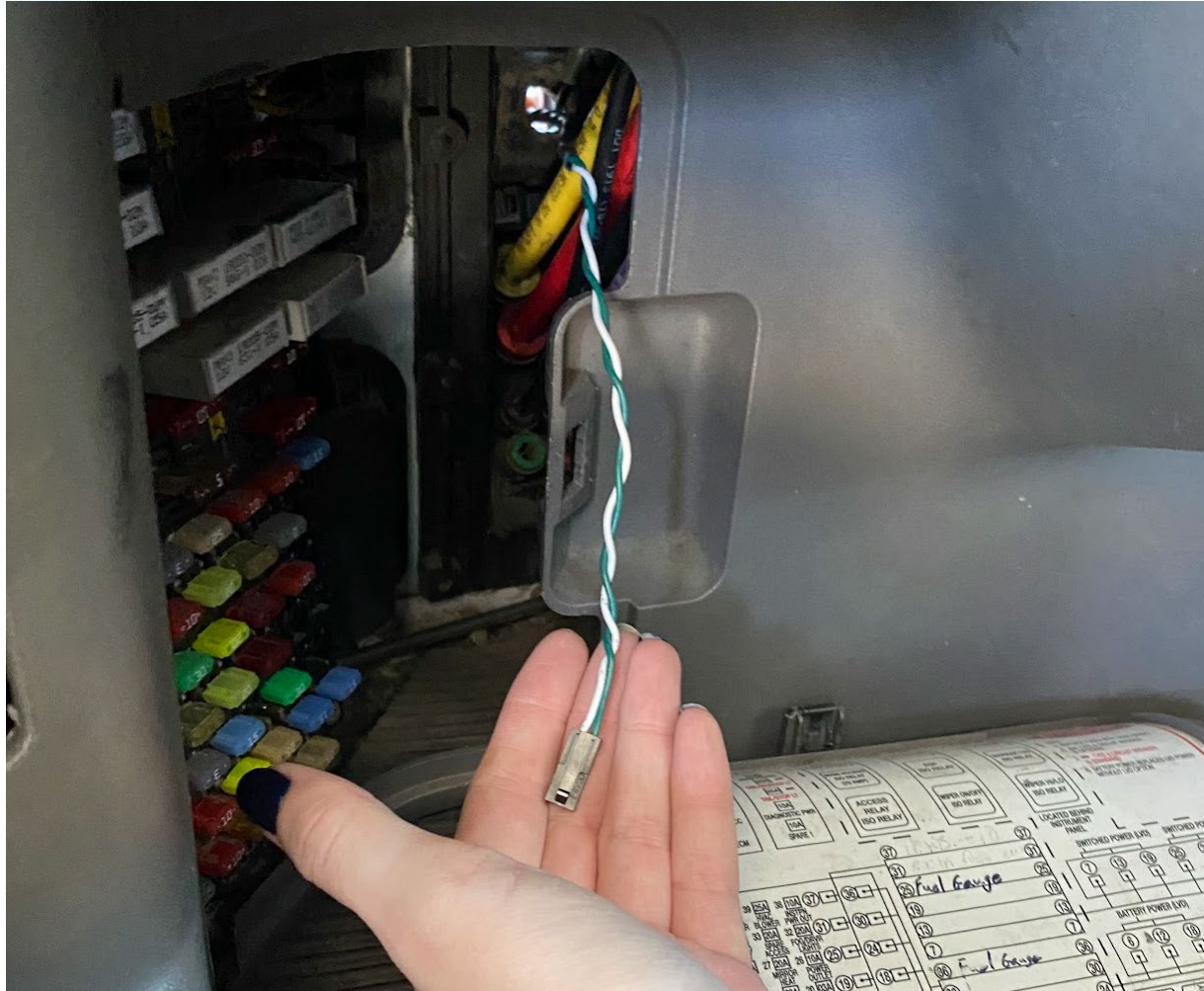
# Installation of OBD Jack





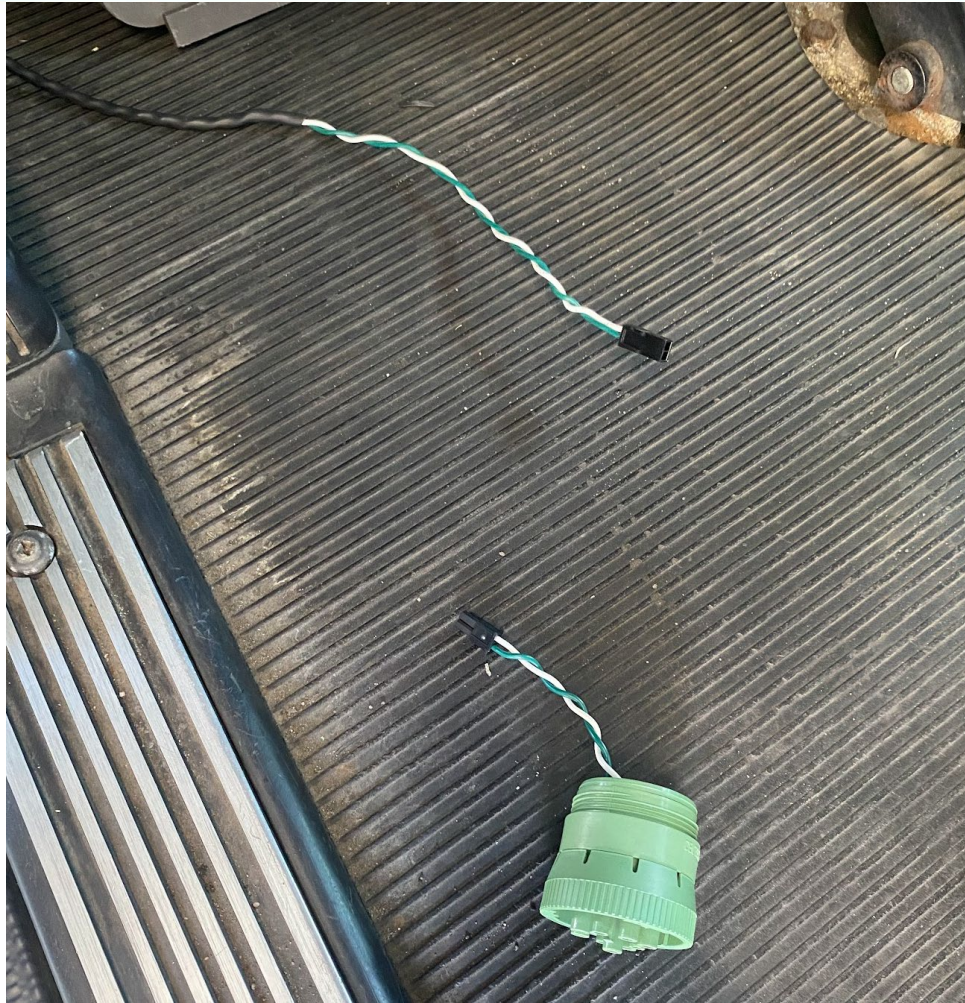


# Installation of OBD Jack





# Installation of OBD Jack





# Installation of OBD Jack

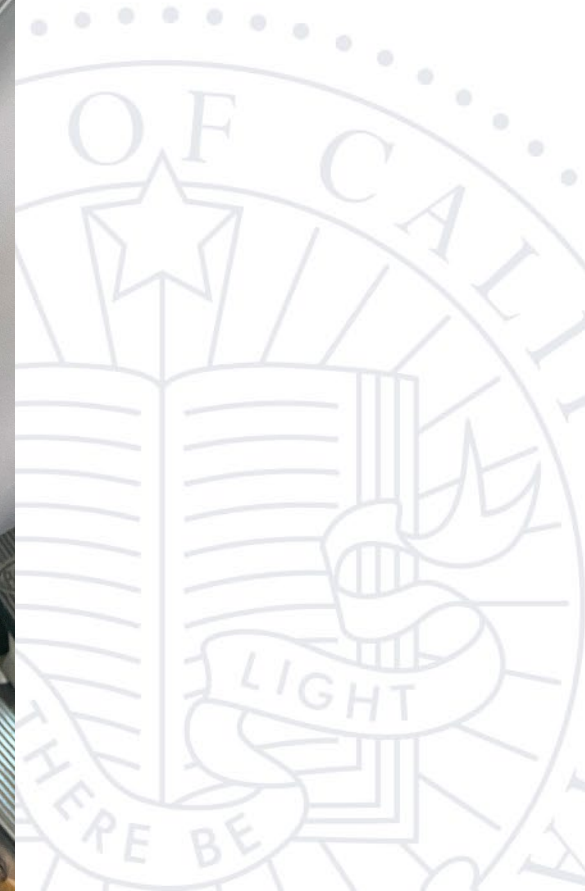




# Installation of OBD Jack

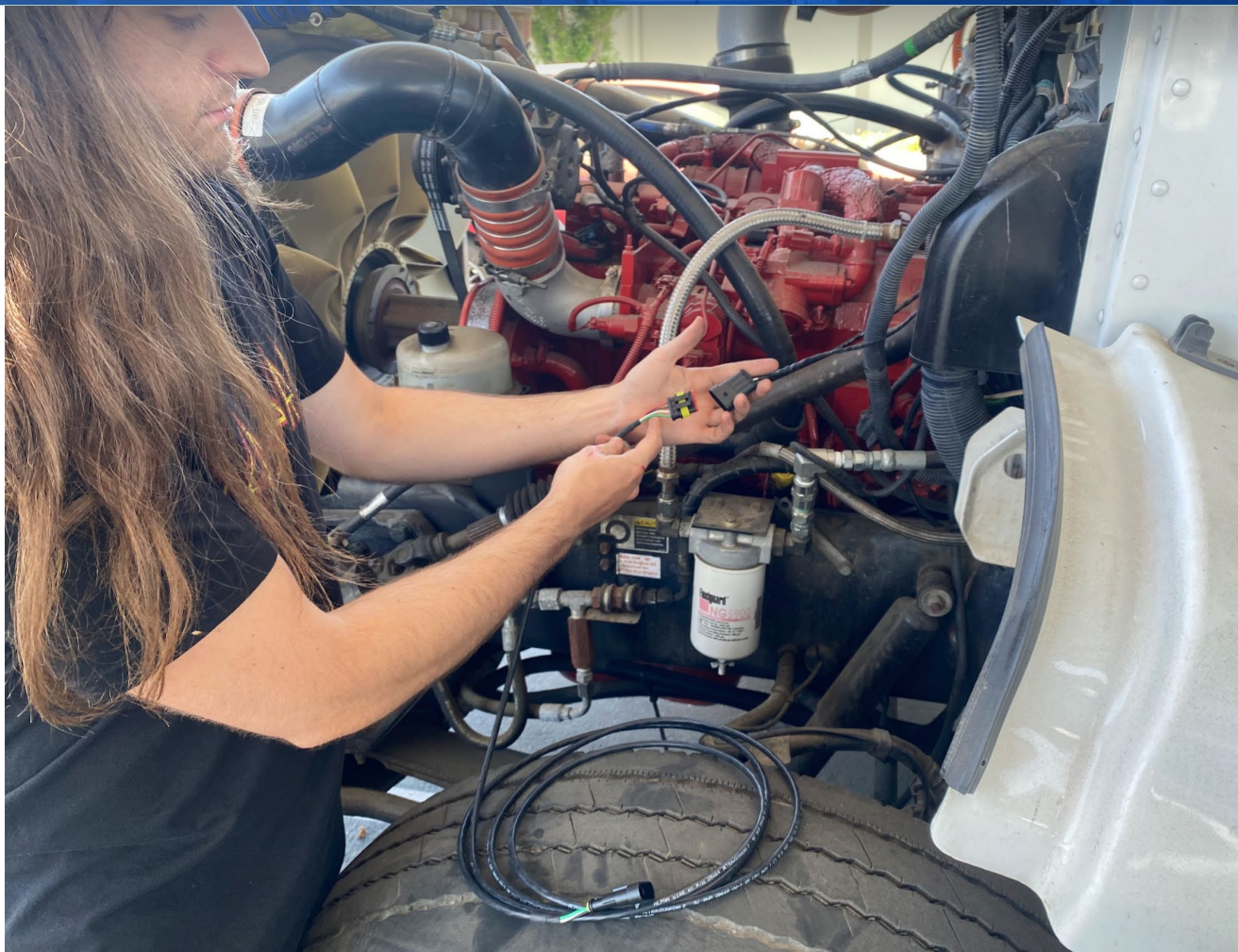


# Installation of OBD Jack





# Installation of OBD Jack Extension Cable





# Installation of OBD Jack Extension Cable



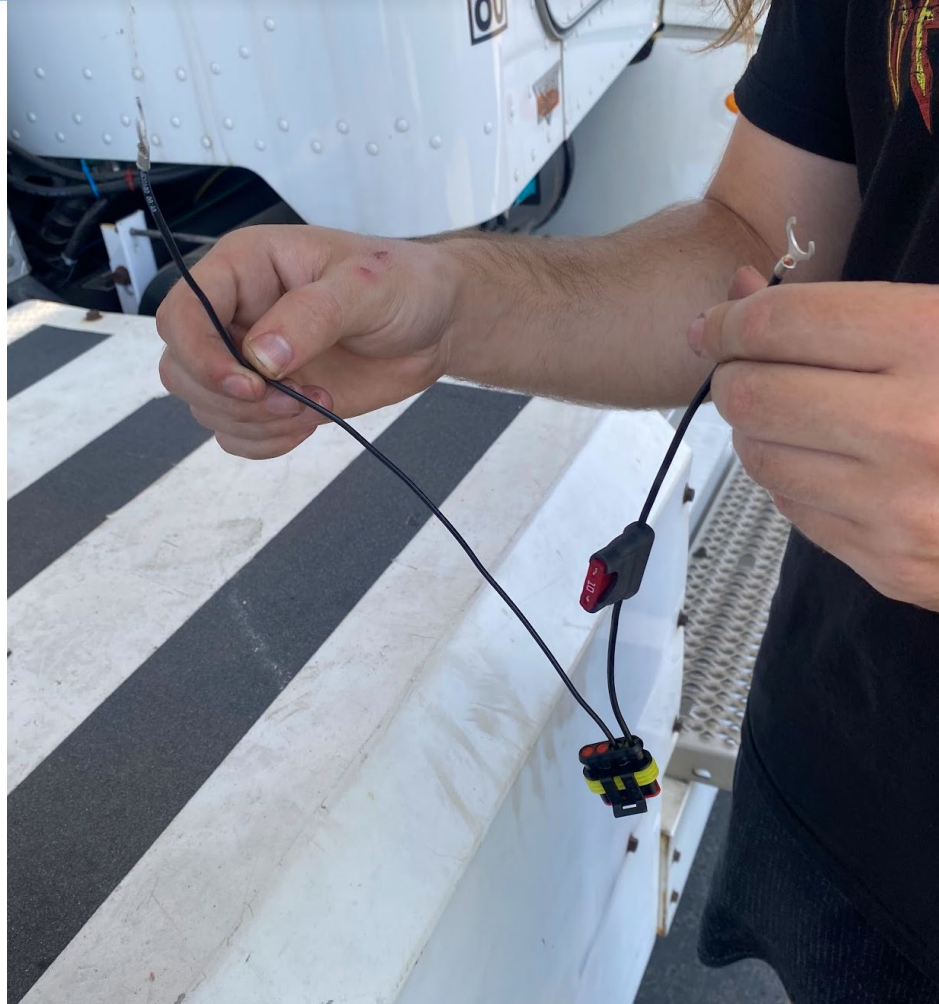


# Installation of OBD Jack Extension Cable

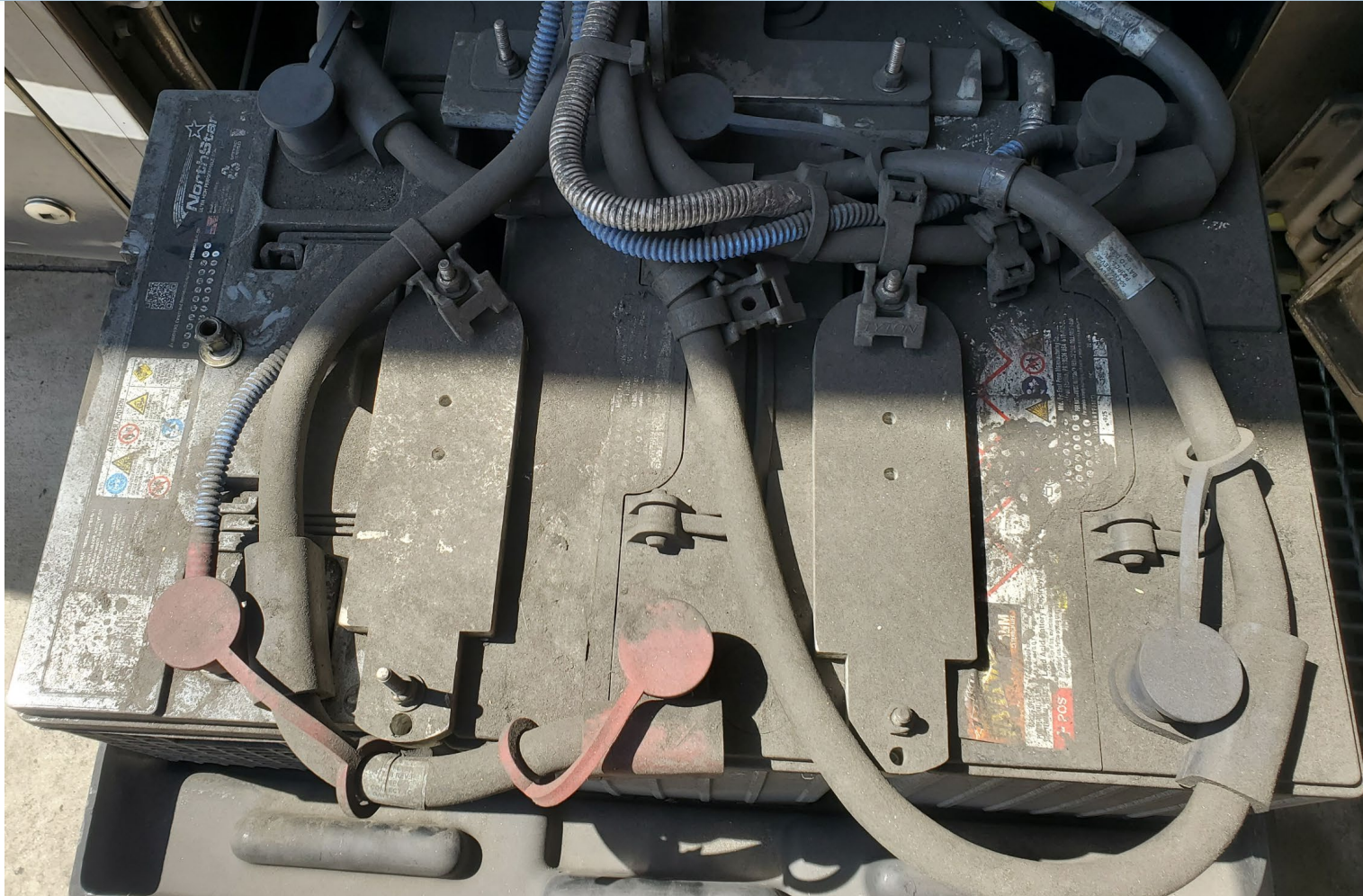




# Installation of Power Tail

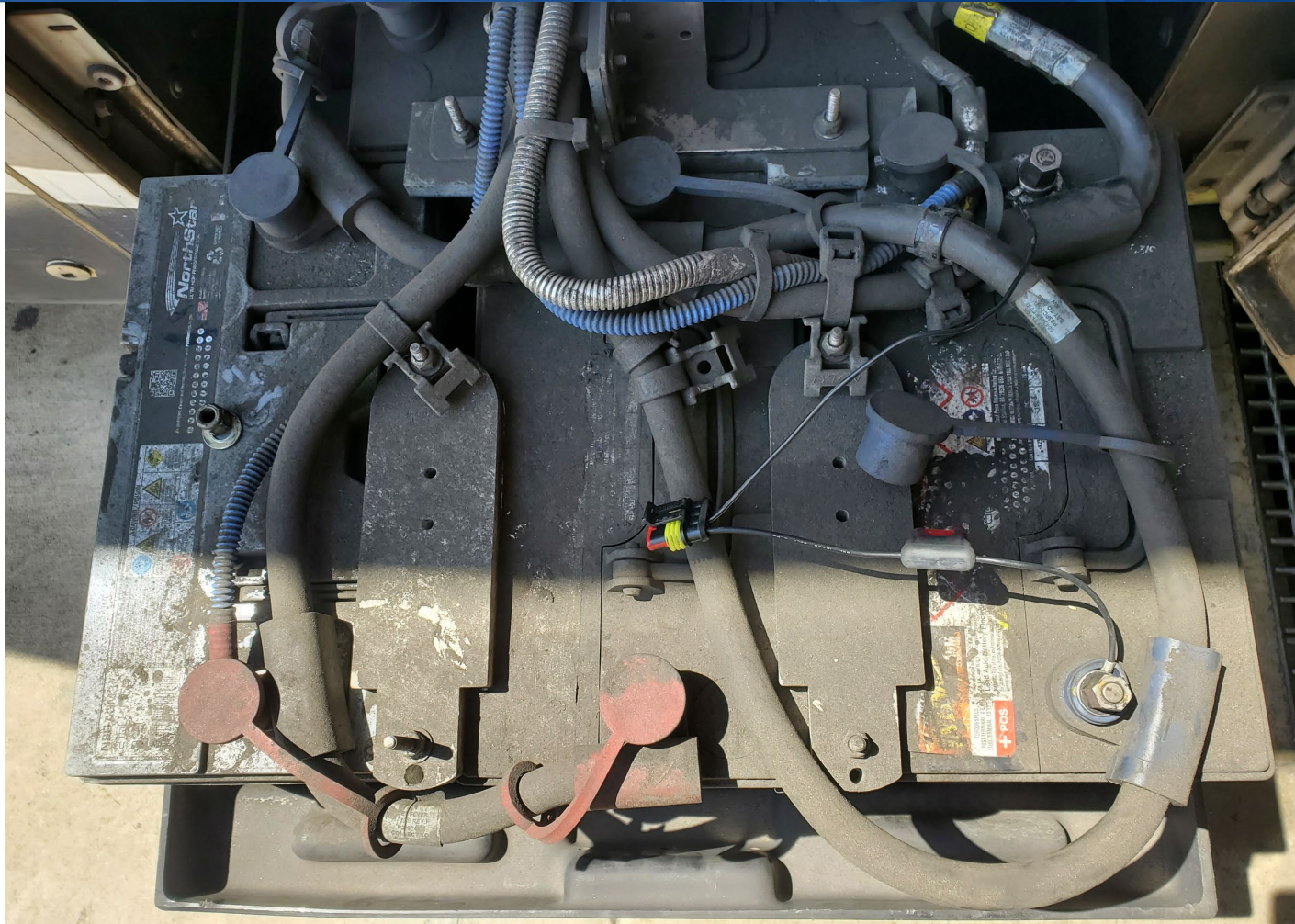


# Installation of Power Tail





# Installation of Power Tail



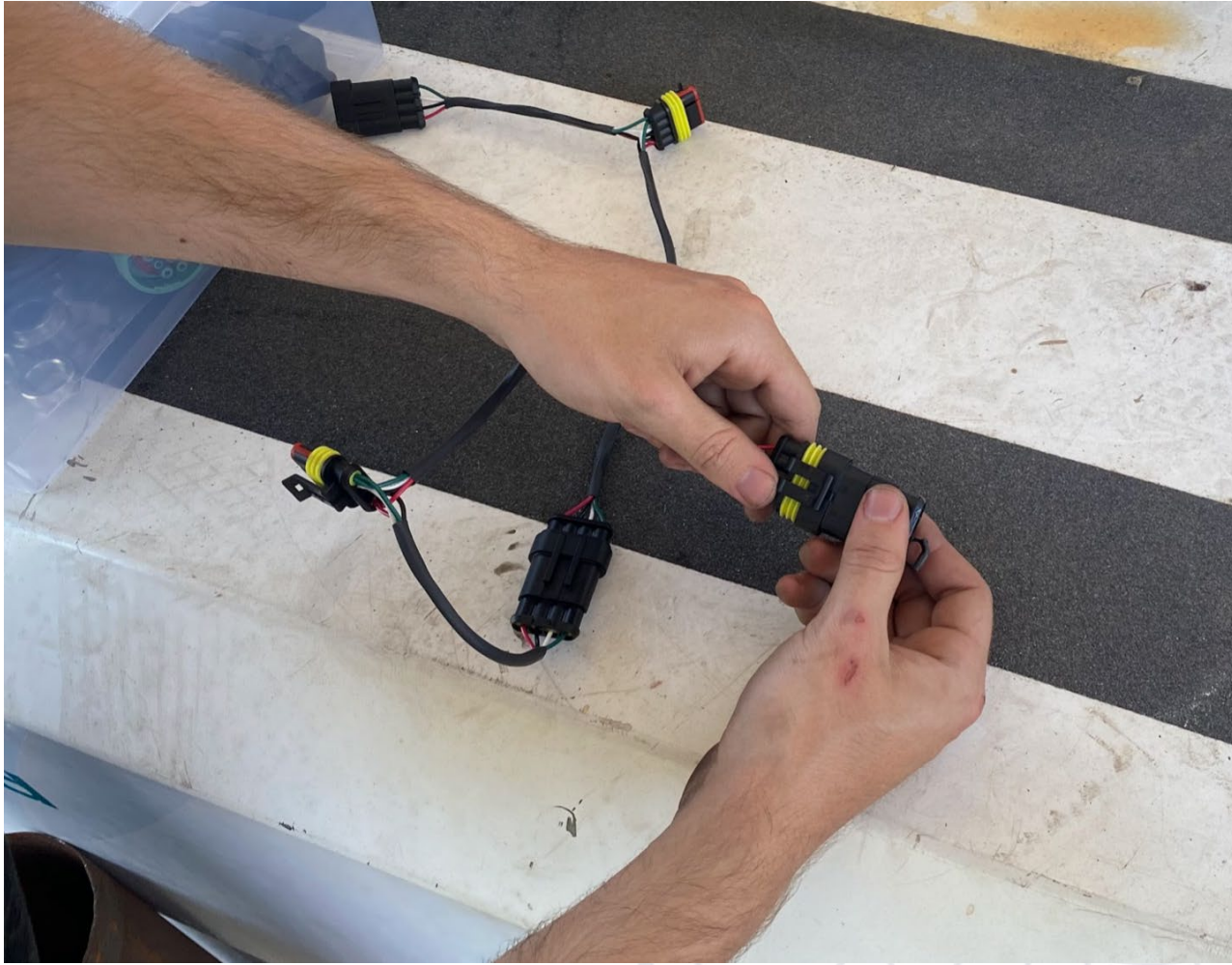






# Installation of Sensors

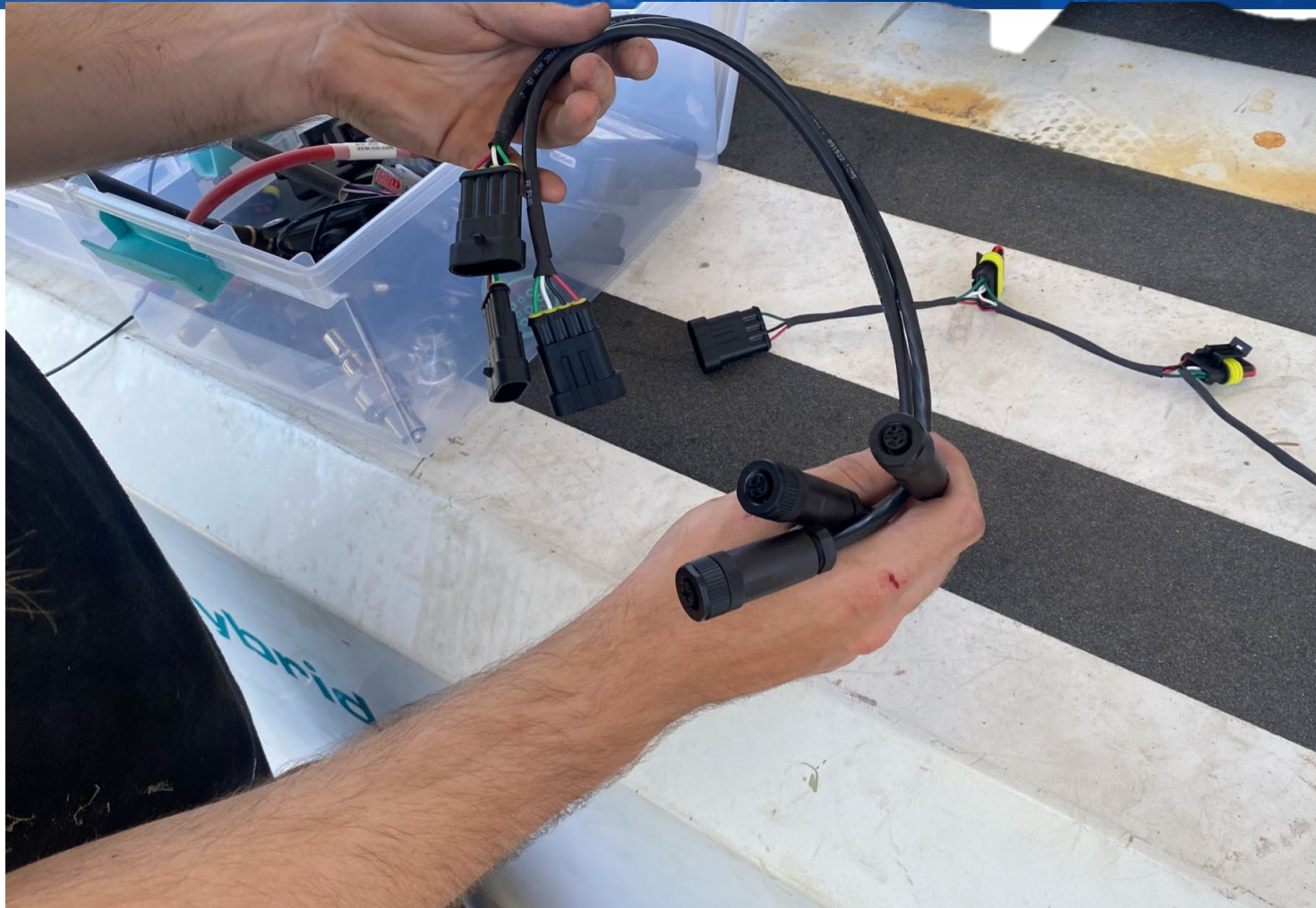








# Installation of Sensors



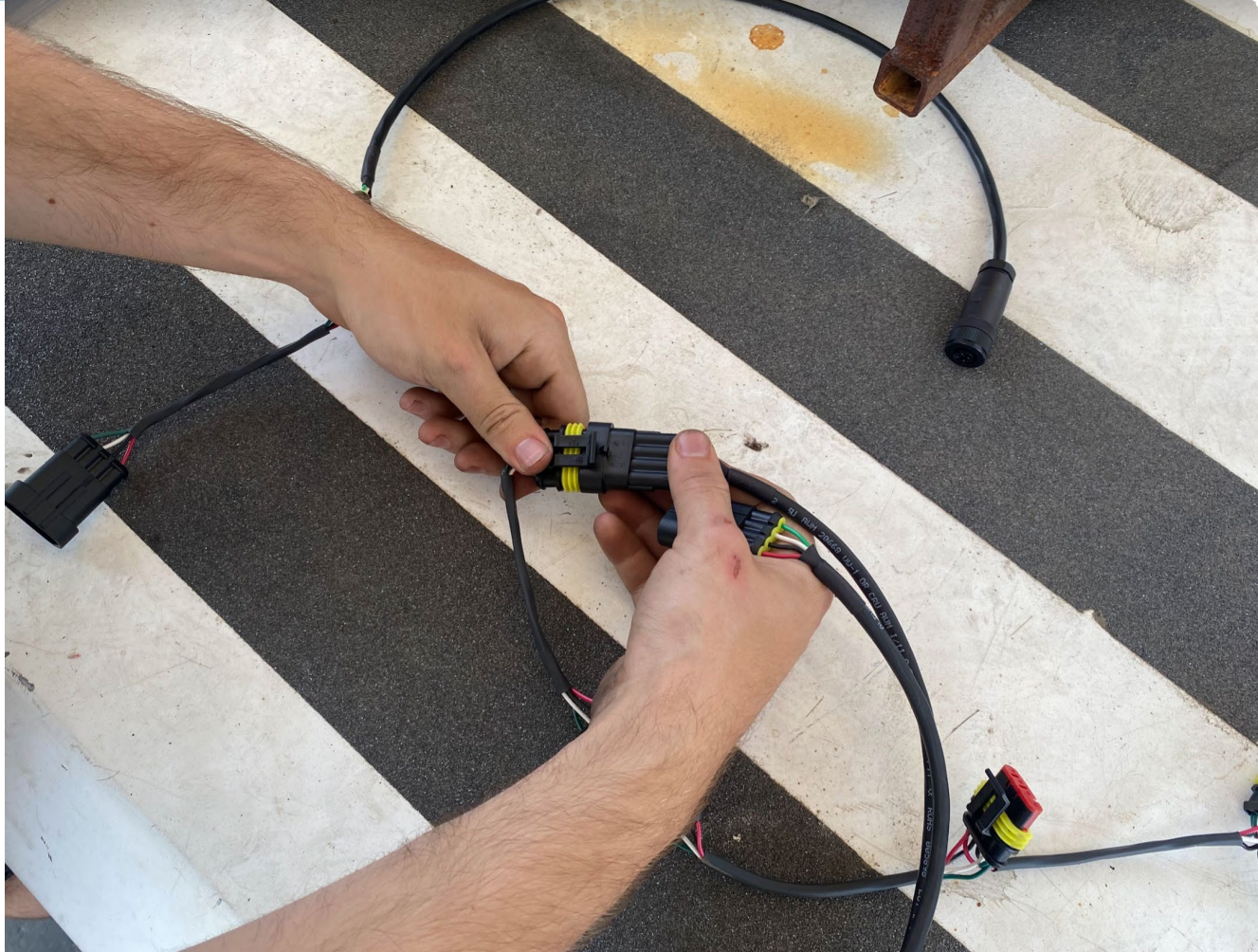


# Installation of Sensors





# Installation of Sensors





# Installation of Sensors





# Installation of Sensors

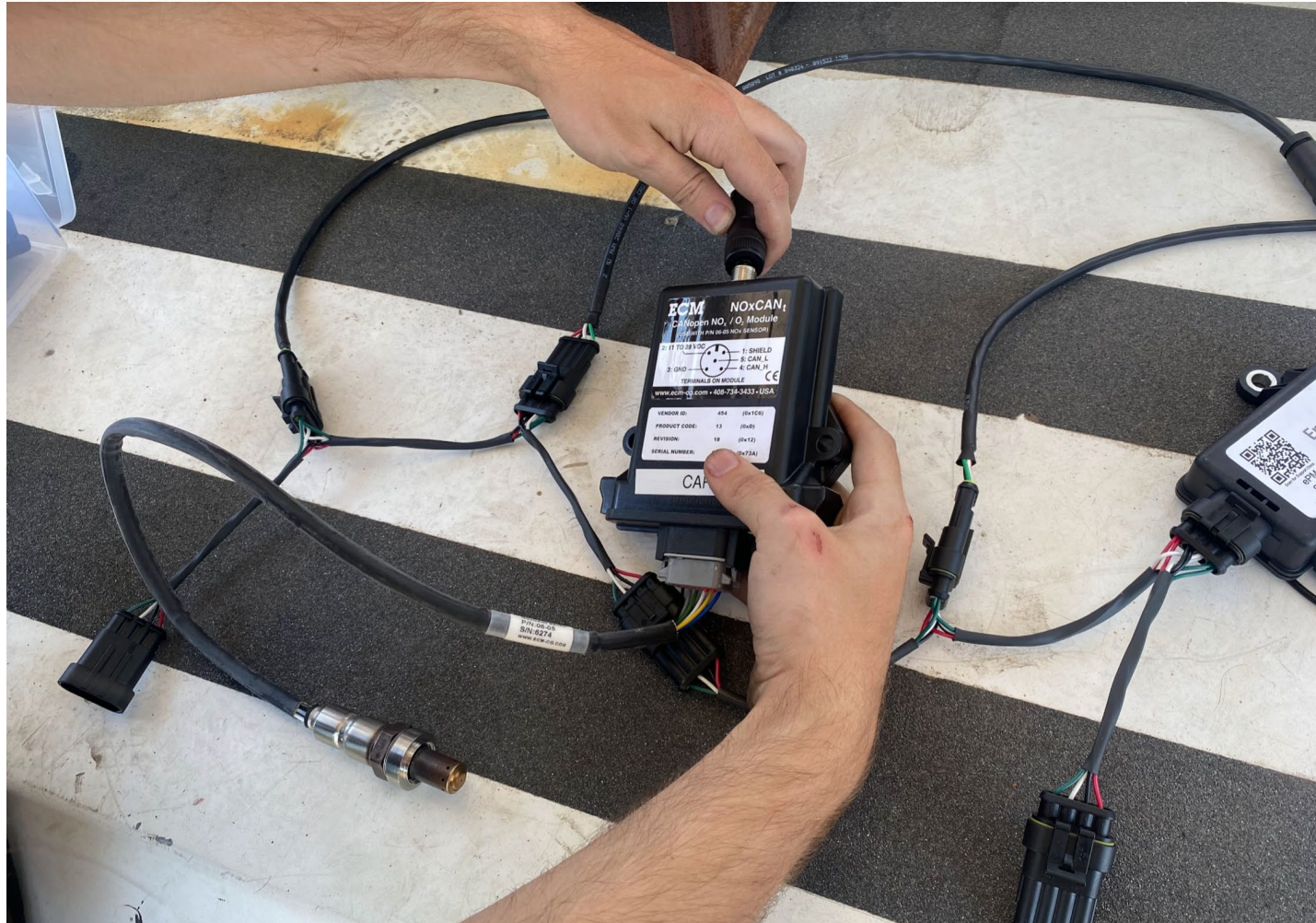








# Installation of Sensors





# Installation of Sensors





# Installation of Sensors





# Installation of Sensors



# Installation of Sensors





# Installation of Sensors

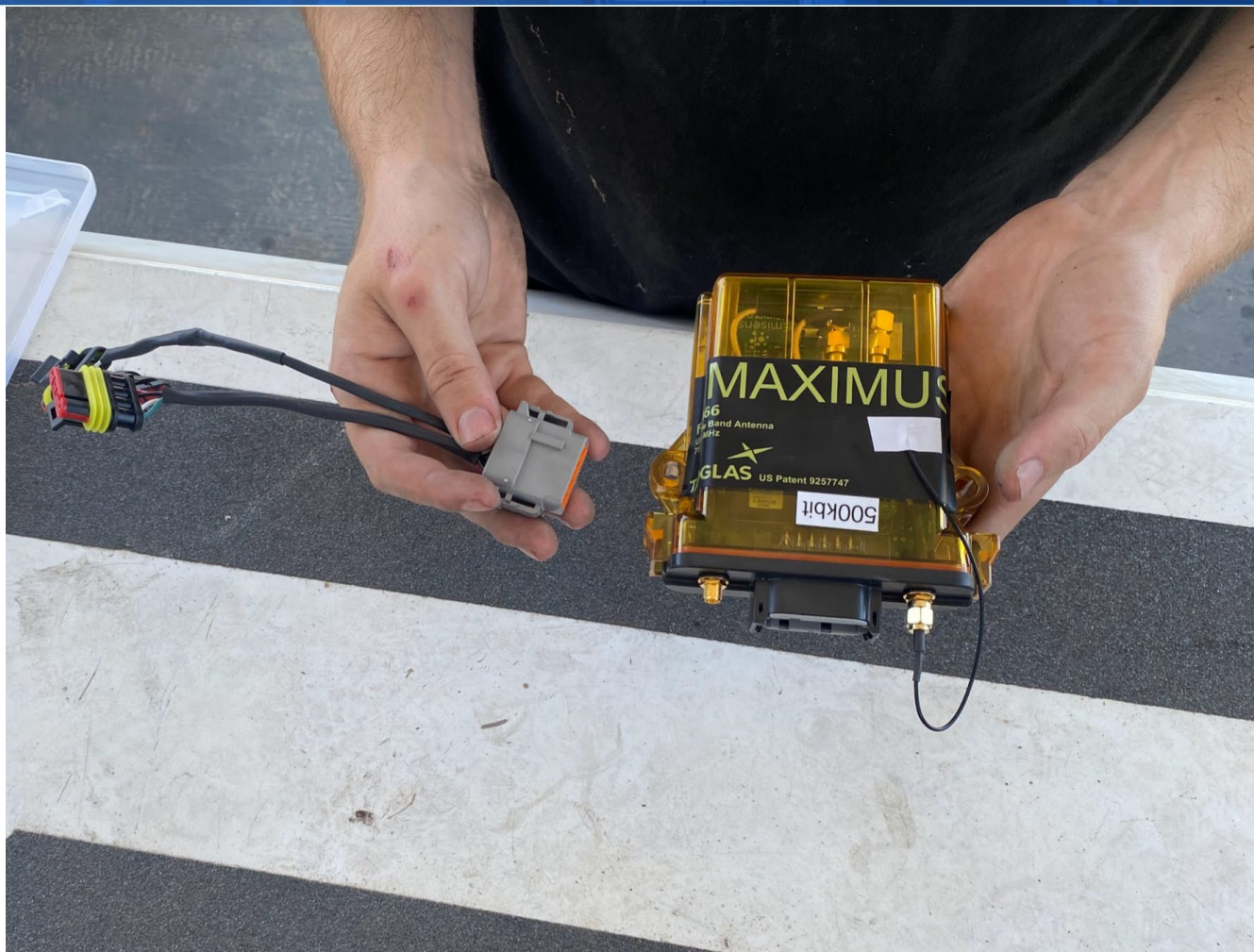


# Installation of Sensors





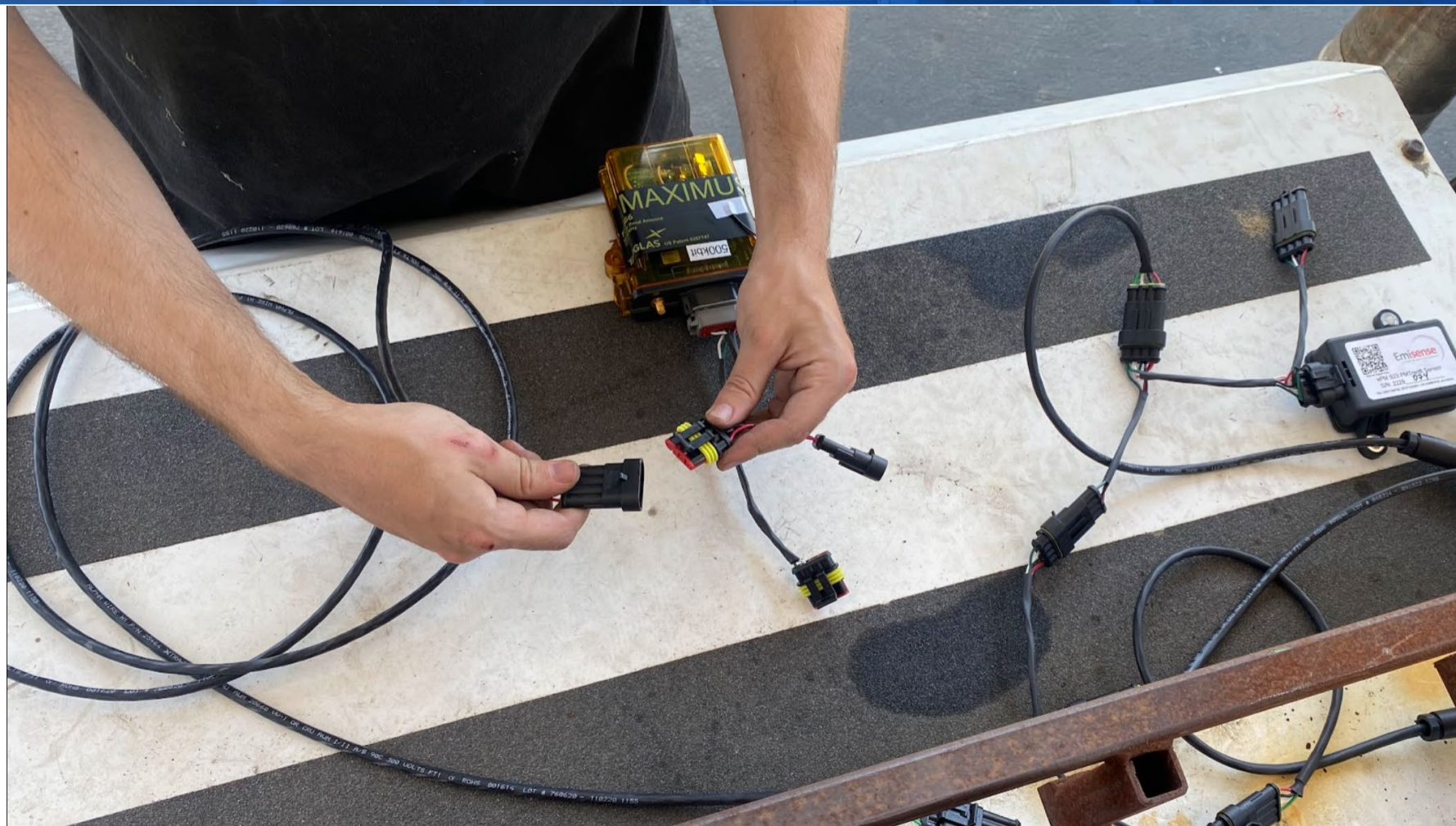
# Installation of OSAR Unit



# Installation of OSAR Unit





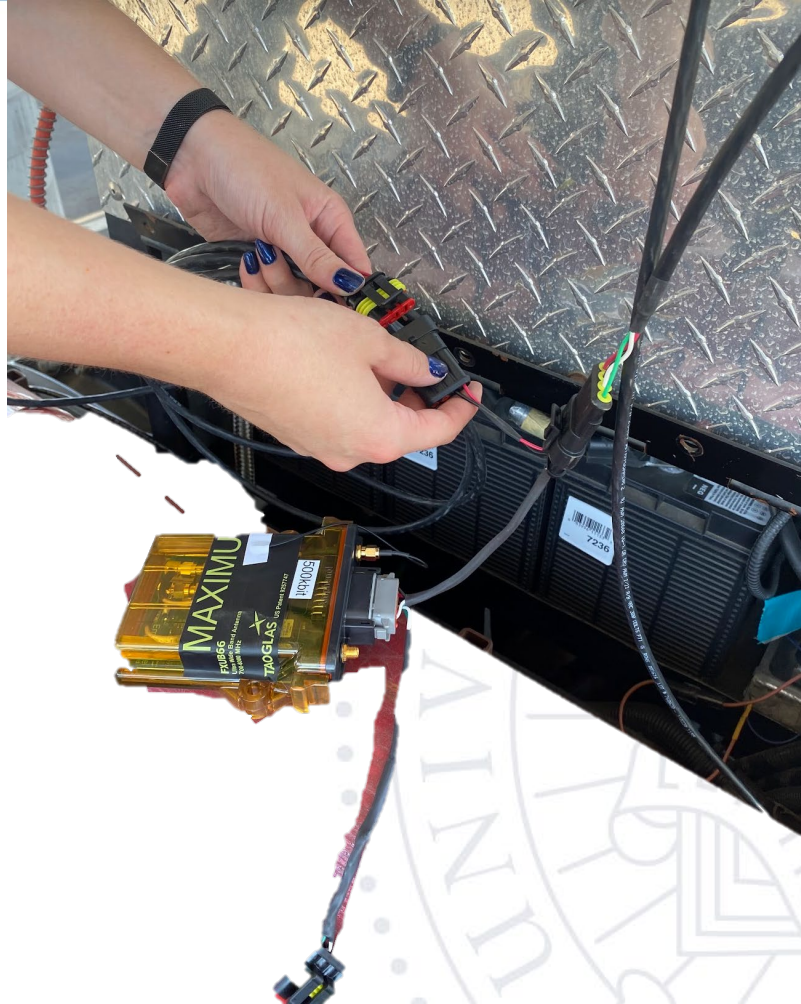


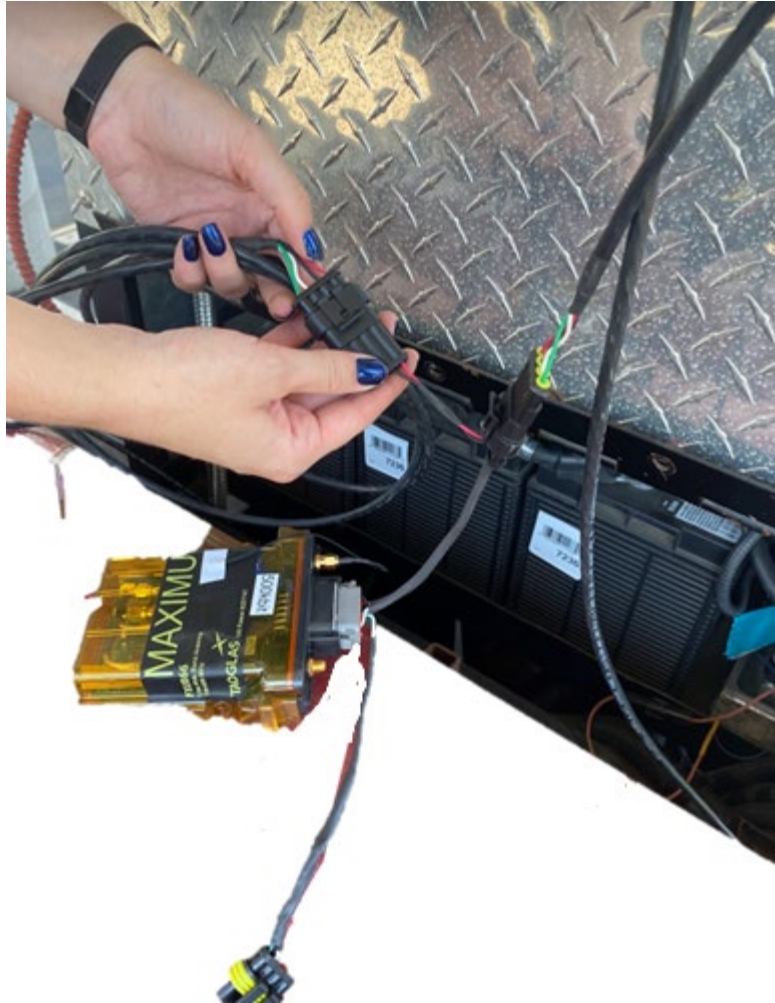


# Connecting Sensors to OSAR Unit















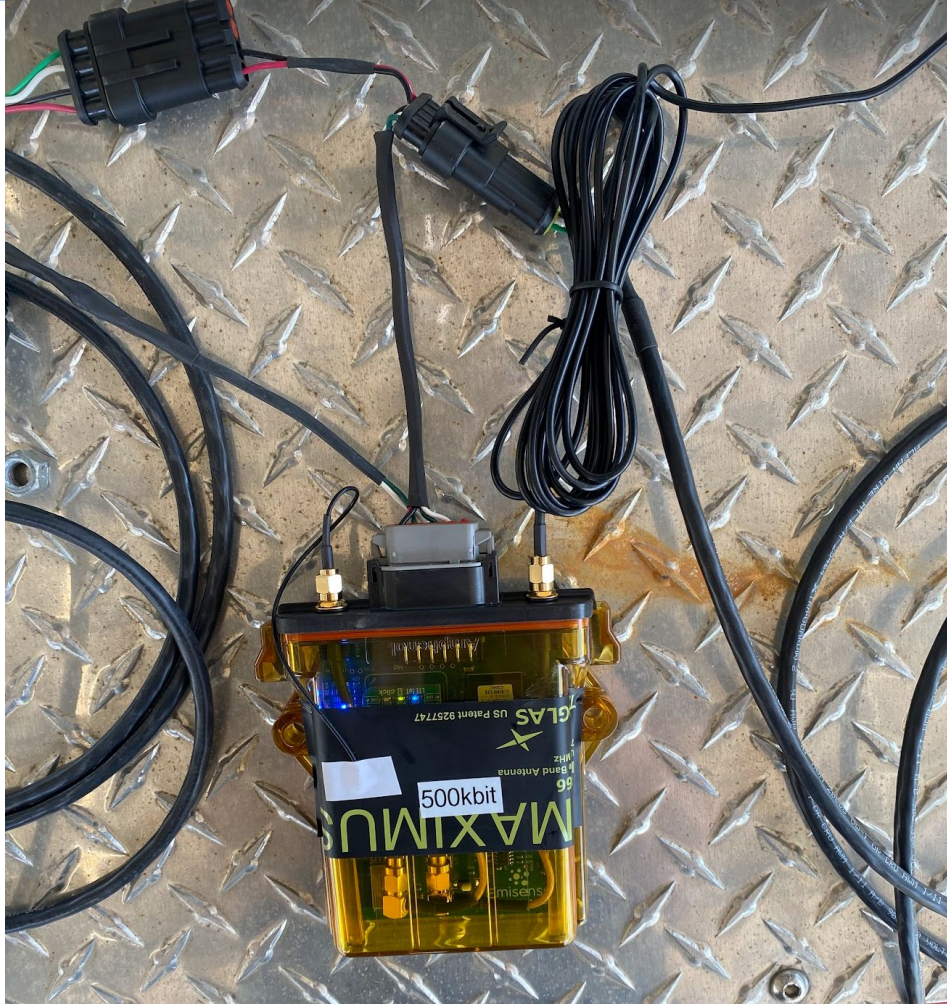




# Connection of GPS Antenna to OSAR Unit



# Connection of GPS Antenna to OSAR Unit





# Connection of GPS Antenna to OSAR Unit



# Verifying OSAR Unit Connectivity

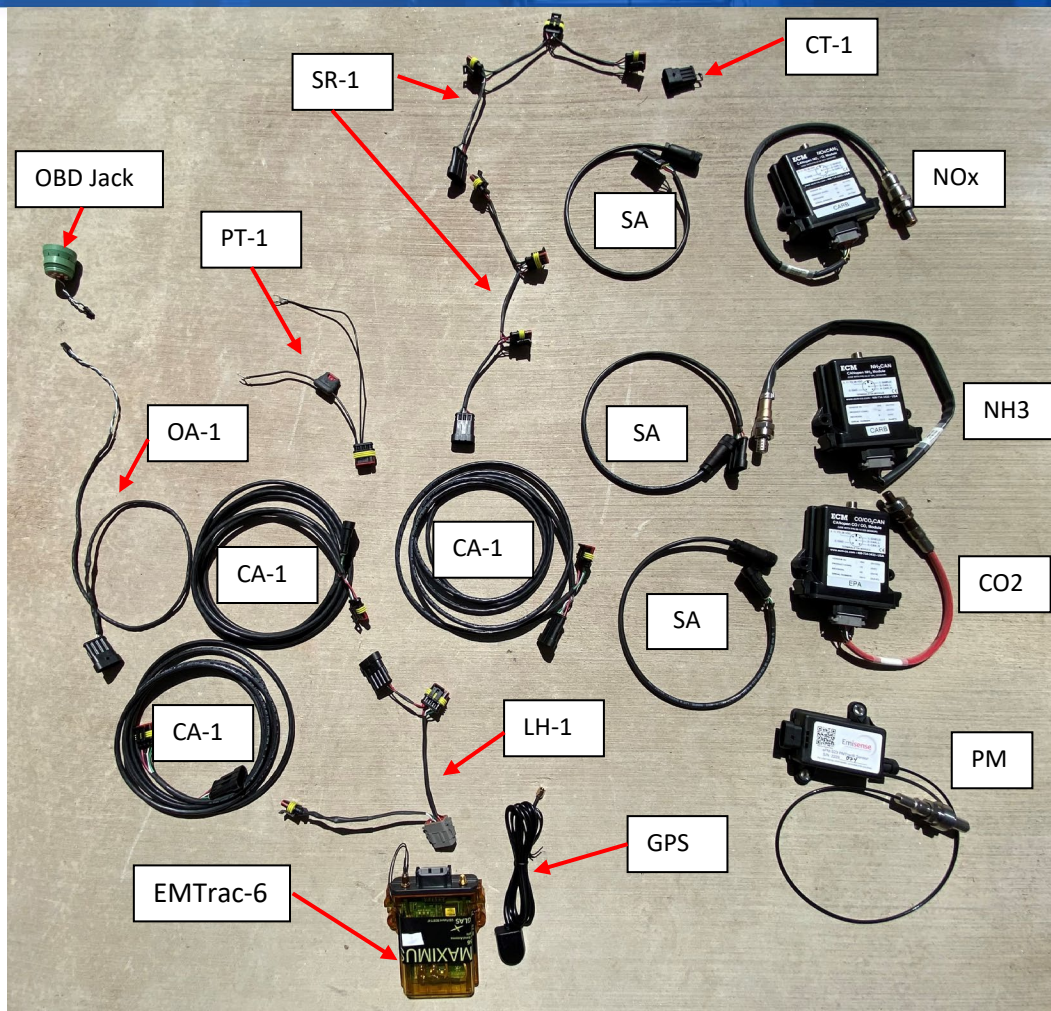




# Verifying OSAR Unit Connectivity



# Actual Components



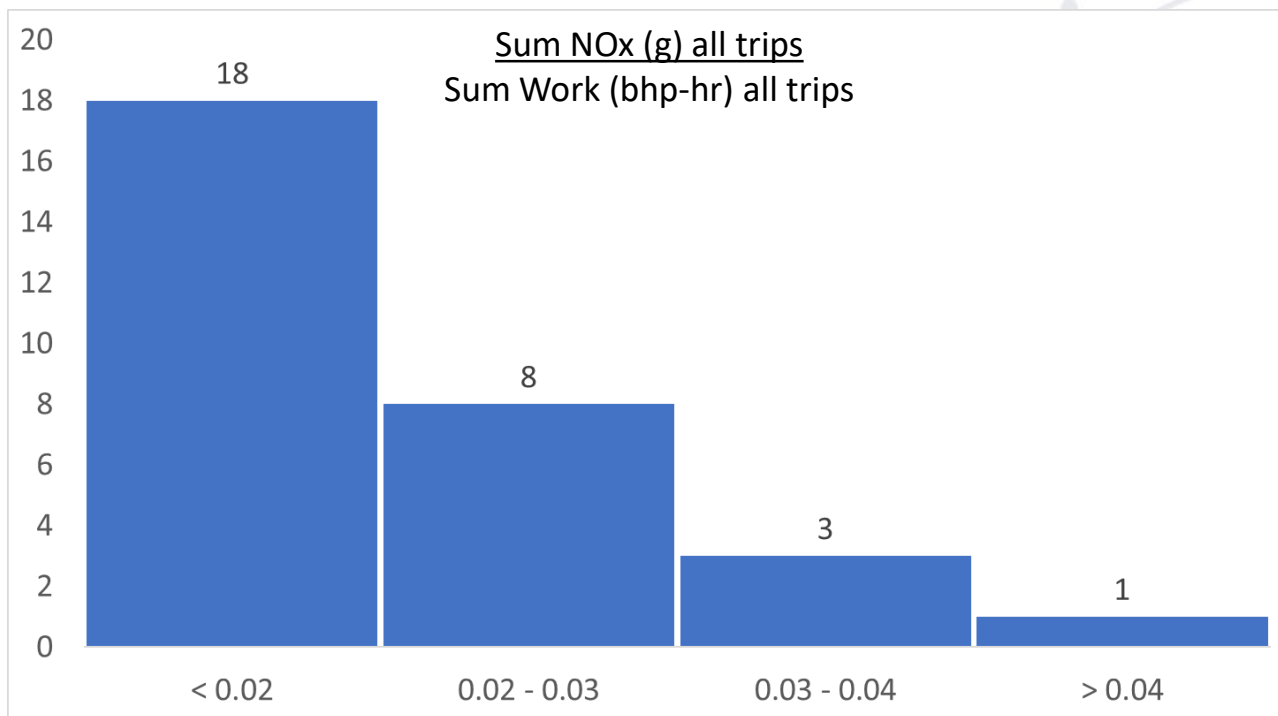


- 4 Heavy Duty Natural Gas Fleets Utilized (MYs 2016 – 2022)
  - Refuse Hauler Fleet (x1)
  - Goods Movement Fleet (x1)
  - Transit Bus Fleet (x2)
- ~10 Vehicles per Natural Gas Fleet
  - OSAR recorded data for approximately 2 months per vehicle
- Filtered out SAE Max and Min ECU and Sensor Values
  - Avoiding Sensor Drop Out
- All figures show data that meets specified criteria
  - 20 min < and 23 bhp-hr <
- Future filtration approaches
  - PM Filtering <100 °C exhaust gas temperature (EGT)

# Vehicle Emissions Factor Histogram

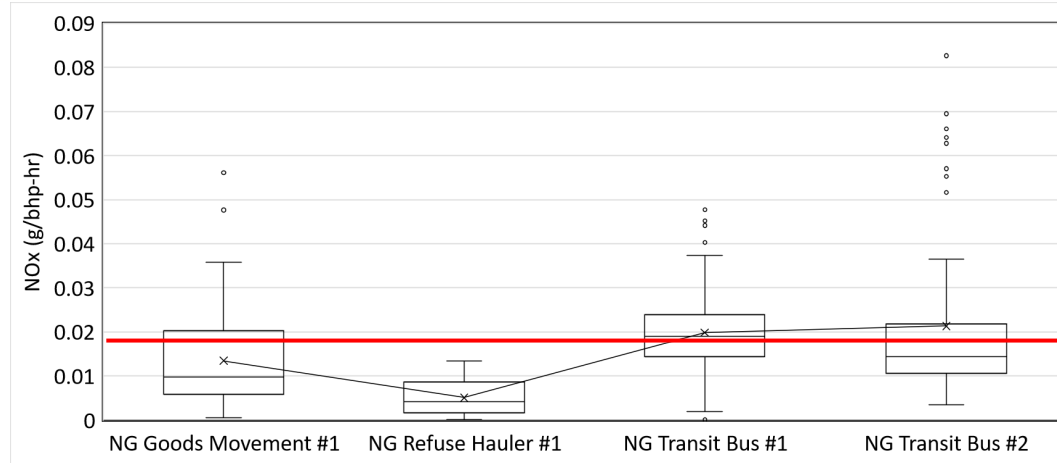
Total Vehicles: 30			
< 0.02	0.02 – 0.03	0.03 – 0.04	0.04 <
18	8	3	1

- Criteria filter not applied data

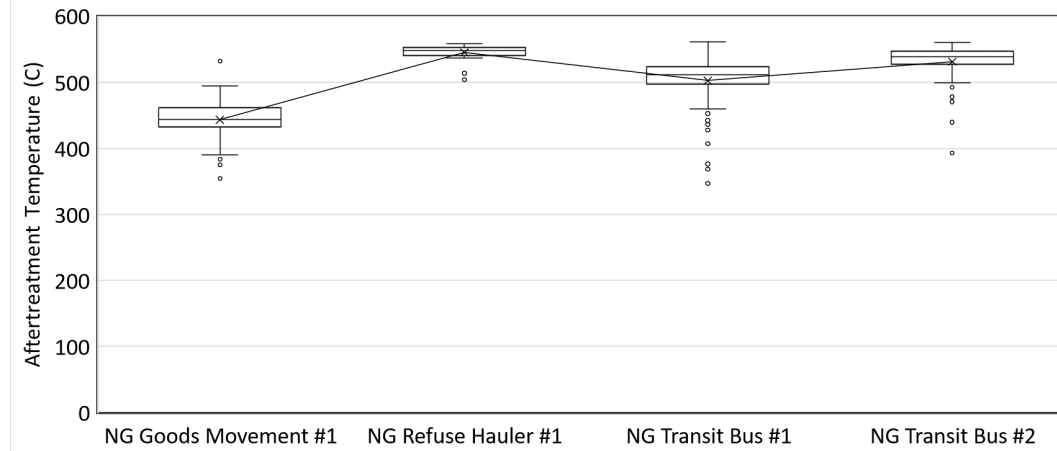




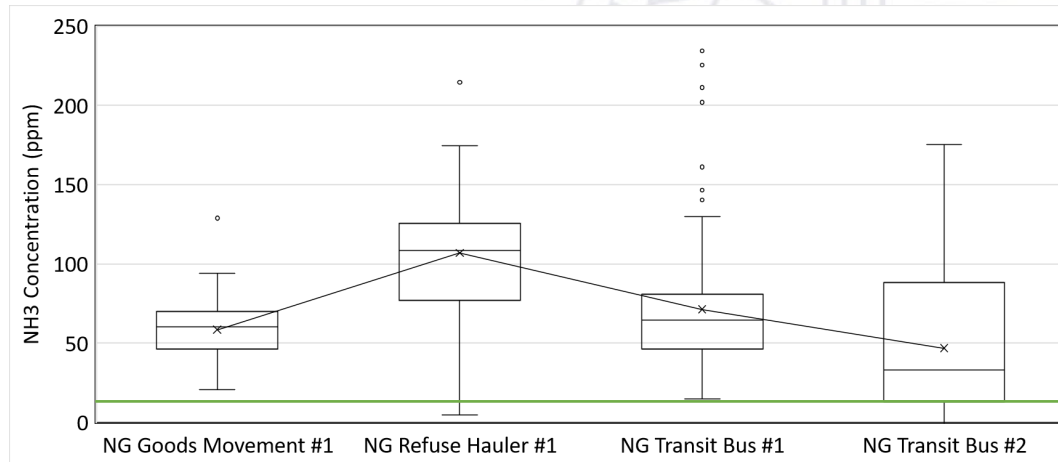
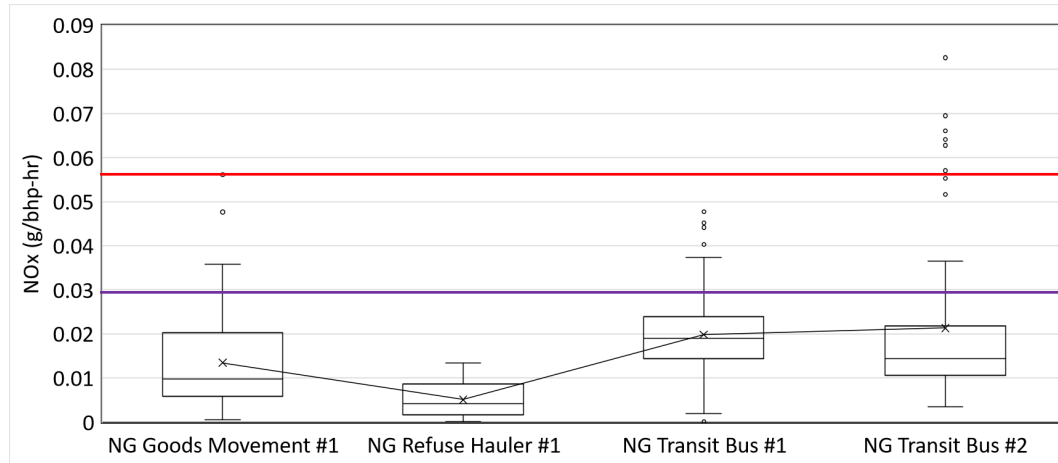
# Fleet Comparison – NOx Emissions



- These four fleets showed an average of 0.019 g/bhp-hr with the sum over sum calculation
- Close to the average seen in these whisker plots comparing all fleet data on a daily basis



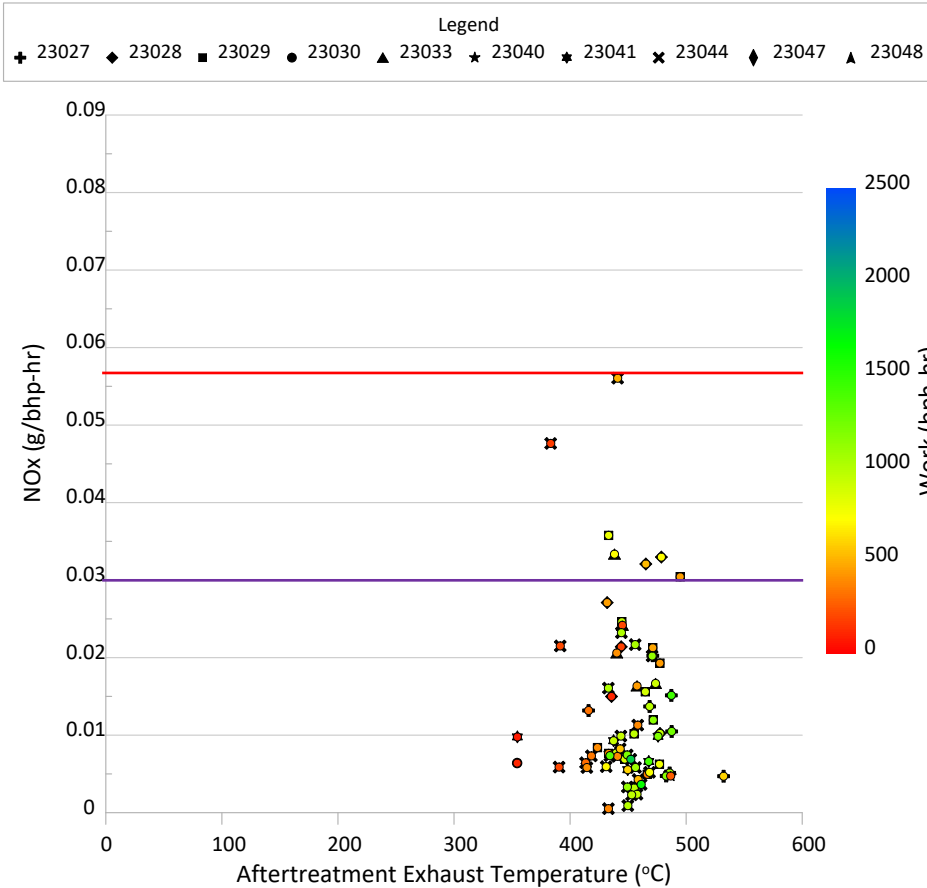
# Fleet Comparison – NH3 Concentration



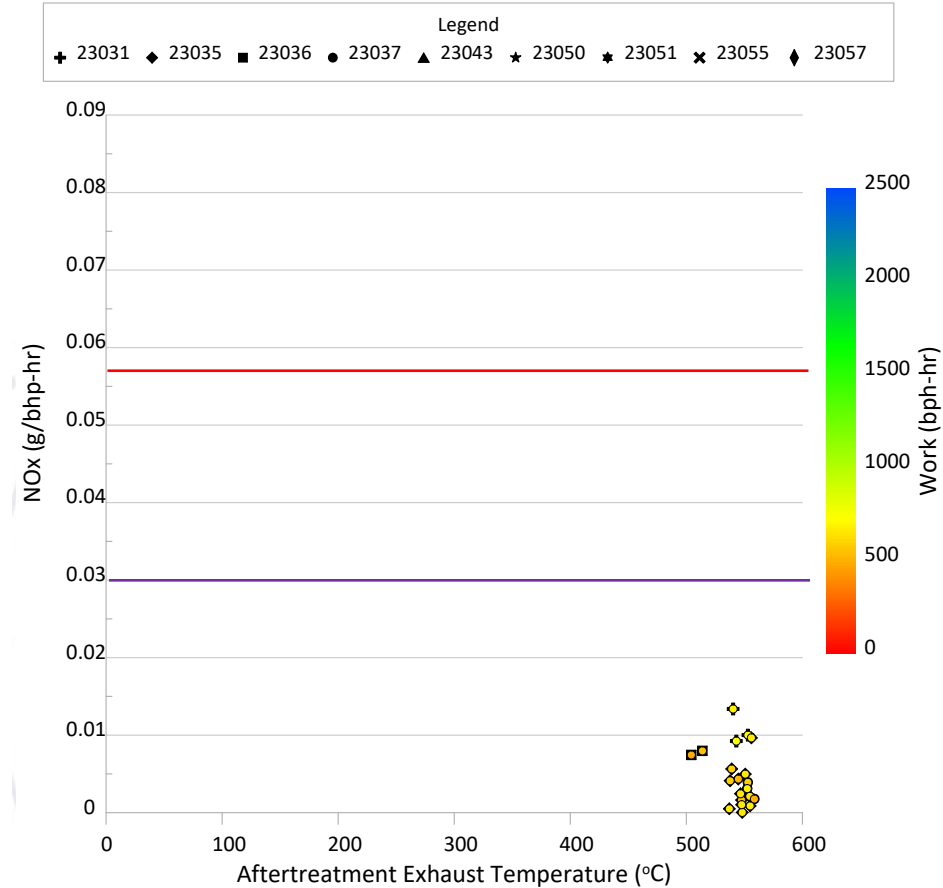


- Each datapoint represents a day of data
- NOx in g/bhp-hr on Y-Axis
- Aftertreatment Temperature in °C on X-Axis
- Work (bhp-hr) gradient applied
  - Blue indicates highest work values across all fleets
  - Green indicates more frequent work values across all fleets
  - Yellow indicates lower but not uncommon work values across all fleets
  - Red indicates significantly low work values across all fleets

NG Goods Movement #1

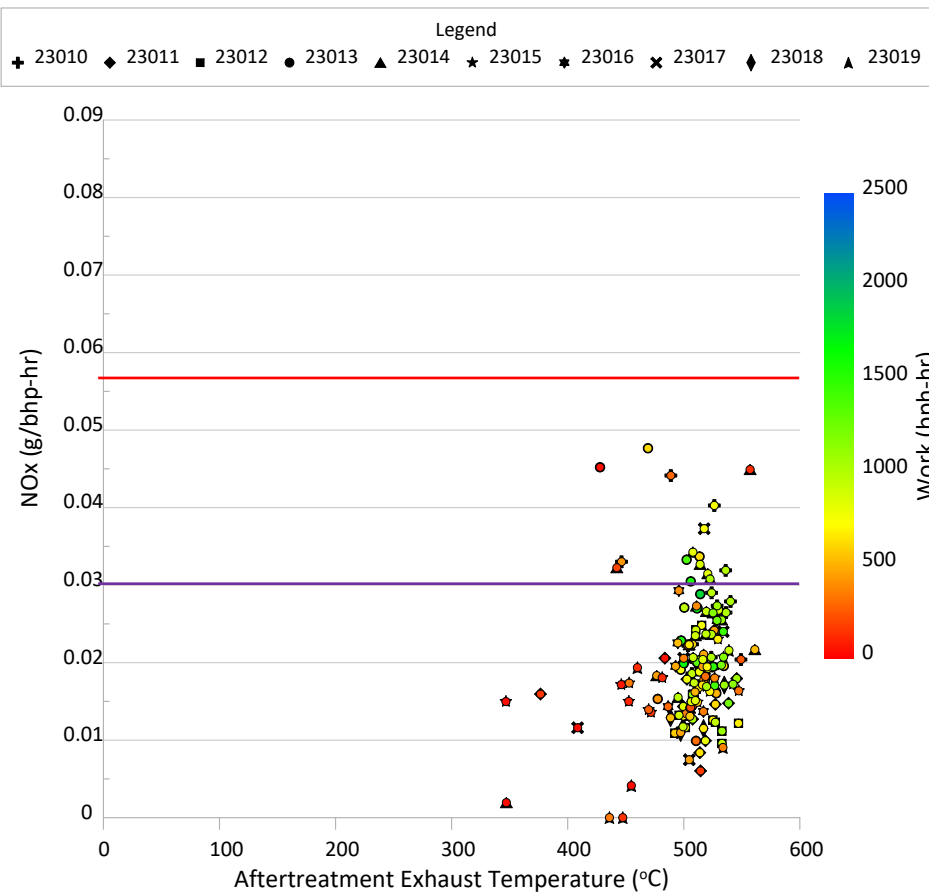


NG Refuse Hauler #1

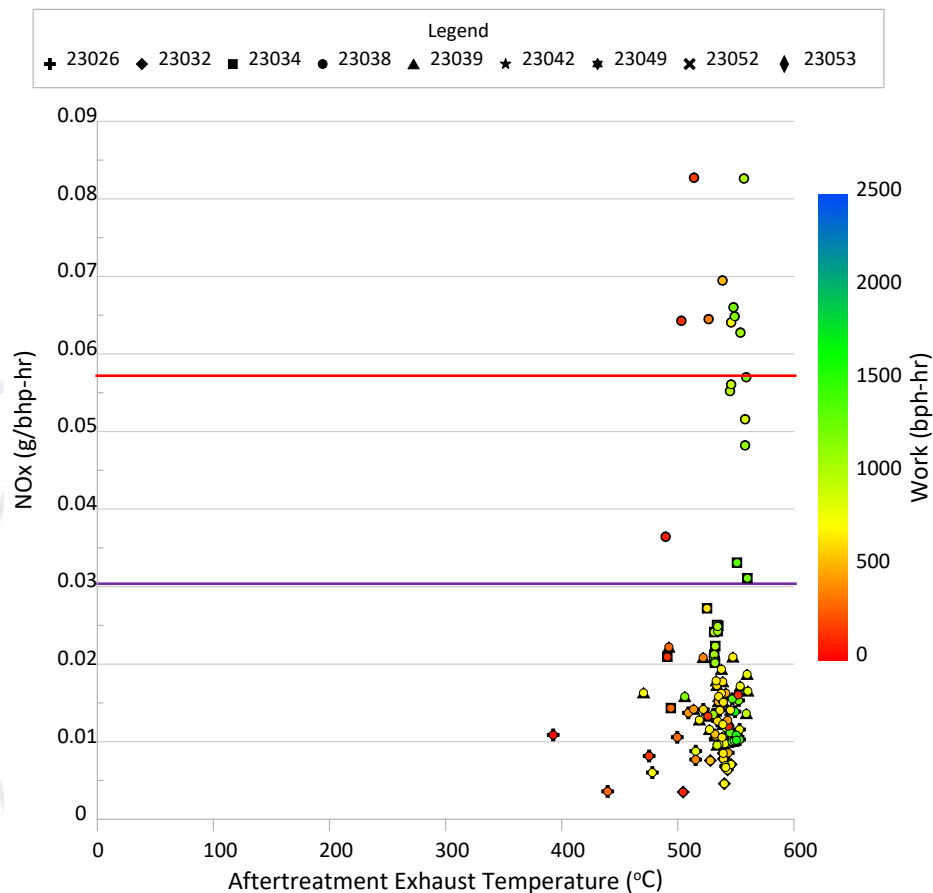




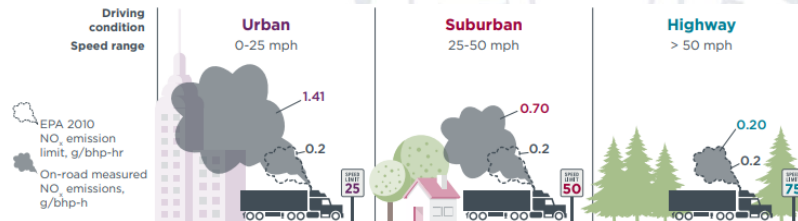
NG Transit Bus #1



NG Transit Bus #2



- Natural gas engines can reduce NO<sub>x</sub> ozone inventory today
- Natural gas engines do emit ammonia which through secondary formations can form ammonia nitrate particles which could affect particulate matter output
- In-use conditions have large variability in loads, distances, and other conditions that can significantly affect emissions control systems with multiple types of variable control
- Even with the in-use conditions, the natural gas vehicles we tested fall on average under the current 1.5x 0.02 g/bhp-hr Optional Low NO<sub>x</sub> Standard and the to-be-implemented 0.058 g/bhp-hr Bin 2 Federal Off-Cycle Standard







# Questions?

